# **Appendix H: Quality Improvement Strategy**

Under §1915(c) of the Social Security Act and 42 CFR §441.302, the approval of an HCBS waiver requires that CMS determine that the State has made satisfactory assurances concerning the protection of participant health and welfare, financial accountability and other elements of waiver operations. Renewal of an existing waiver is contingent upon review by CMS and a finding by CMS that the assurances have been met. By completing the HCBS waiver application, the State specifies how it has designed the waiver's critical processes, structures and operational features in order to meet these assurances.

Quality Improvement is a critical operational feature that an organization employs to
continually determine whether it operates in accordance with the approved design of its
program, meets statutory and regulatory assurances and requirements, achieves desired
outcomes, and identifies opportunities for improvement.

CMS recognizes that a state's waiver Quality Improvement Strategy may vary depending on the nature of the waiver target population, the services offered, and the waiver's relationship to other public programs, and will extend beyond regulatory requirements. However, for the purpose of this application, the State is expected to have, at the minimum, systems in place to measure and improve its own performance in meeting six specific waiver assurances and requirements.

It may be more efficient and effective for a Quality Improvement Strategy to span multiple waivers and other long-term care services. CMS recognizes the value of this approach and will ask the state to identify other waiver programs and long-term care services that are addressed in the Quality Improvement Strategy.

## **Quality Improvement Strategy: Minimum Components**

The Quality Improvement Strategy that will be in effect during the period of the approved waiver is described throughout the waiver in the appendices corresponding to the statutory assurances and sub-assurances. Other documents cited must be available to CMS upon request through the Medicaid agency or the operating agency (if appropriate).

In the QIS discovery and remediation sections throughout the application (located in Appendices A, B, C, D, G, and I), a state spells out:

- The evidence based discovery activities that will be conducted for each of the six major waiver assurances;
- The remediation activities followed to correct individual problems identified in the implementation of each of the assurances;

In Appendix H of the application, a State describes (1) the *system improvement* activities followed in response to aggregated, analyzed discovery and remediation information collected on each of the assurances; (2) the correspondent *roles/responsibilities* of those conducting assessing and prioritizing improving system corrections and improvements; and (3) the processes the state will follow to continuously *assess the effectiveness of the QIS* and revise it as necessary and appropriate.

If the State's Quality Improvement Strategy is not fully developed at the time the waiver application is submitted, the state may provide a work plan to fully develop its Quality Improvement Strategy, including the specific tasks the State plans to undertake during the period the waiver is in effect, the major milestones associated with these tasks, and the entity (or entities) responsible for the completion of these tasks.

State:	
Effective Date	

When the Quality Improvement Strategy spans more than one waiver and/or other types of long-term care services under the Medicaid State plan, specify the control numbers for the other waiver programs and/or identify the other long-term services that are addressed in the Quality Improvement Strategy. In instances when the QMS spans more than one waiver, the State must be able to stratify information that is related to each approved waiver program. Unless the State has requested and received approval from CMS for the consolidation of multiple waivers for the purpose of reporting, then the State must stratify information that is related to each approved waiver program, i.e., employ a representative sample for each waiver.

## **H.1** Systems Improvement

## a. **System Improvements**

i. Describe the process(es) for trending, prioritizing and implementing system improvements (i.e., design changes) prompted as a result of an analysis of discovery and remediation information.

DDA is the lead entity responsible for tracking, trending, prioritizing and determining the need for system improvements. Discovery and remediation will include a review of operational data, incorporate results from direct observation of service delivery, and include findings from participant and provider interviews and surveys. All data gathered will be reviewed with frequent periodicity to identify emerging trends and enable the development and effectuation of targeted system improvement when these are emerging. In addition, the State will continually be vigilant for the need for broad based system improvements. The process will be driven by standard operating procedures.

The analysis of discovery data and remediation information is conducted on an on-going basis via performance measure reports. These processes are supported by the integral role of other waiver partners in providing data, analyzing data, trending and formulating recommendations for system improvements.

Waiver performance information will be shared with the SMA and the DDA Quality Advisory Council which is composed of various stakeholders including waiver participants, family members, providers, advocacy organizations, and State representatives. The group will recommend quality design changes and system improvement(s). Final recommendations shall be reviewed by the SMA and DDA for considered implementation.

ii. System Improvement Activities

ii. System improvement Activities	
<b>Responsible Party</b> (check each that applies):	Frequency of monitoring and analysis
men approces	(check each that applies):
X State Medicaid Agency	☐ Weekly
X Operating Agency	☐ Monthly
X Sub-State Entity	X Quarterly
X Quality Improvement	X Annually
Committee	
☐ Other	☐ Other
Specify:	Specify:

State:	
Effective Date	

#### b. **System Design Changes**

i. Describe the process for monitoring and analyzing the effectiveness of system design changes. Include a description of the various roles and responsibilities involved in the processes for monitoring & assessing system design changes. If applicable, include the State's targeted standards for systems improvement.

The DDA and the SMA are the lead entities responsible for monitoring and analyzing the effectiveness of system design changes.

The DDA utilizes performance measure data and input from national experts, communities of practice, and survey tools to analyze the effectiveness of system design changes. The DDA regularly consults with the National Association of State Directors of Developmental Disabilities Services (NASDDDS) and other experts to ensure that system design changes benefit participants and their families. The DDA also utilizes the National Core Indicators (NCI)<sup>™</sup> which is a voluntary effort by public developmental disabilities agencies to measure and track their own performance. The core indicators are standard measures used across states to assess the outcomes of services provided to individuals and families. Indicators address key areas of concern including employment, rights, service planning, community inclusion, choice, and health and safety.

For specific system improvements, DDA will monitor the antecedent data to ascertain whether the interventions have had the desired, positive impacts (based on ongoing review of the informing data). If systemic improvement efforts do not appear effective, DDA will institute additional and/or alternative approaches to effect positive and lasting changes.

The SMA monitors performance by participating in the DDA Quality Council and reviewing quality reports.

ii. Describe the process to periodically evaluate, as appropriate, the Quality Improvement Strategy.

The DDA evaluate quality improvement strategies and results. Information will be shared in the annual quality report that is submitted to the SMA.